

Ingenieurbüro Baumann --- www.leobaumann.de --- 46282 Dorsten, Markt 6

manuelle Berechnung eines horizontalen Bi-Quads d2 vor einer Wand in einer Höhe b2 über Grund
h = Länge, d = Distanz, d1 = Distanz 2. Element, d2 = Distanz Wand (Reflektor 2*d2), b2 = Höhe über
Grund, l = Wellenlänge

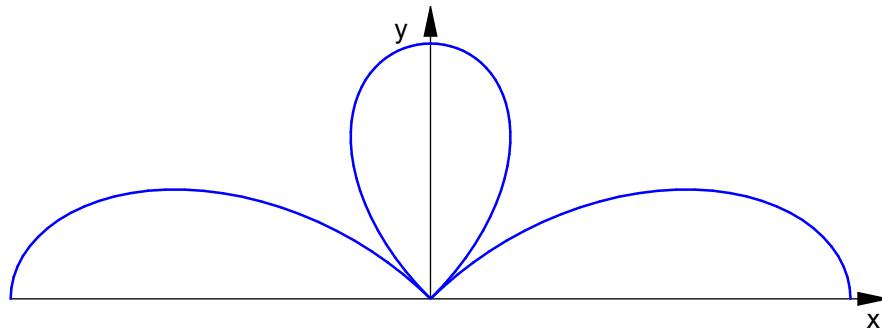
- `reset():digits:=16:wh:=0*PI/180:k:=1/1000:wv:=45.09*PI/180:w:=90*PI/180:h:=1/4:d:=h:b2:=1/1.999999:l:=1:d1:=1/2:d2:=1:`

Richtdiagramm im Kugelraum als Funktion der Winkel

- `c:=(the,phi1) -> (abs((cos(PI*h/l*cos(the)*sin(phi1))-cos(PI*h/l)))/(sqrt(1-cos(the)^2*sin(phi1)^2)) *2*abs(cos(PI*h/l*sin(phi1)*sin(the))) *2*abs(cos(PI*d1/l*sin(phi1)*sin(the)))+abs((cos(PI*2*d/l*cos(the-w)*sin(phi1))-cos(PI*2*d/l)))/(sqrt(1-cos(the-w)^2*sin(phi1)^2))) *2*abs(cos(PI*2*h/l*sin(phi1)*sin(the-w))) *2*abs(cos(PI*d2/l*sin(phi1)*sin(the))) *2*abs(sin(PI*2*b2/l*cos(phi1))):`

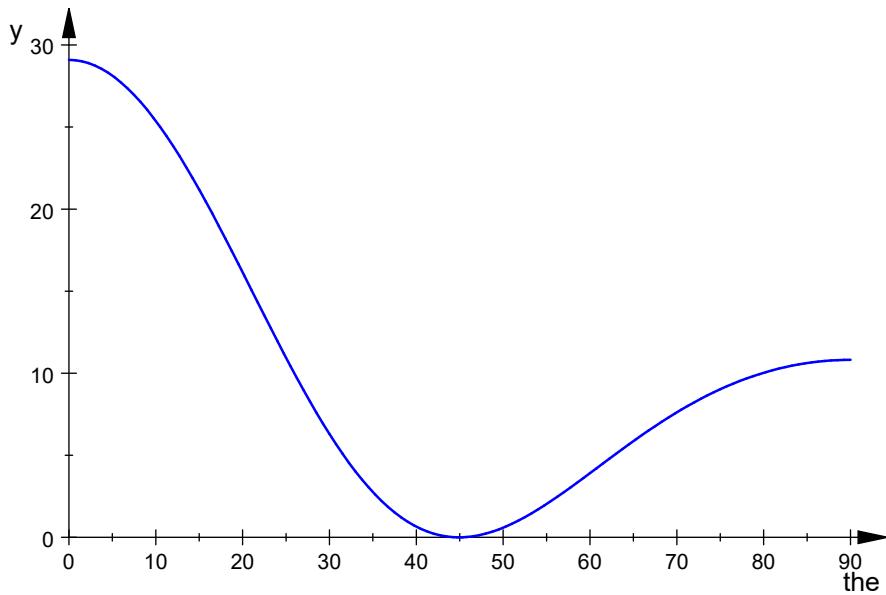
Horizontaldiagramm

- `plot(plot::Polar([c(the,wv),the], the = 0..PI, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained));`



horizontale relative Strahlungsleistungsdichte

- `plotfunc2d(c(the*PI/180,wv)^2, the = 0..90):`



Maximalwert der relativen Stahlungsleistungsdichte , auch in dBi

- ```
ghmax:=0:ghwmax:=0:for m from 0 to 2879 step 1 do
gh:=float(c(m*PI/5760,wv)^2);
if gh>ghmax then
 ghmax:=gh;
 ghwmax:=float(m/32);
end_if;
end_for:ghmax;float(10*log(10,ghmax)+2.15);ghwmax;
```

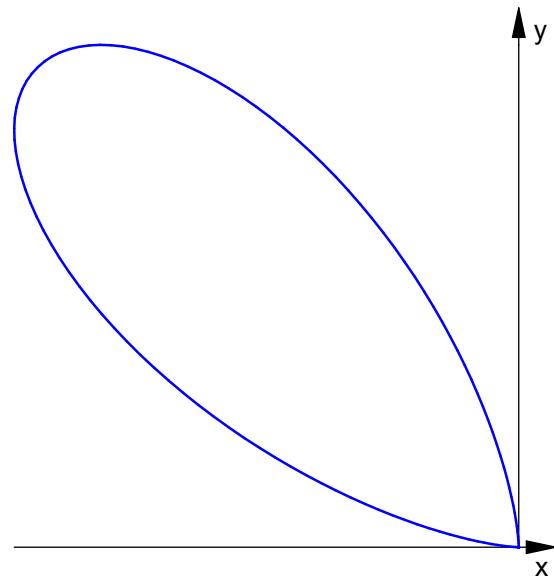
29.09495523

16.78817693

0.0

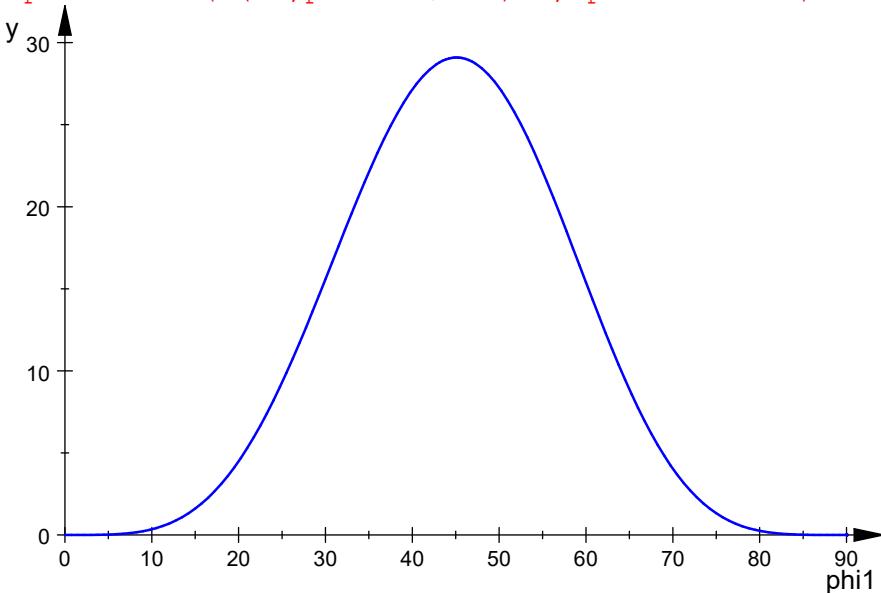
Vertikaldiagramm, y=Horizontale

- ```
plot(plot::Polar([c(wh,phi1),phi1+PI/2], phi1 = 0..PI/2,
TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained));
```



vertikale relative Strahlungsleistungsdichte

- `plotfunc2d(c(wh,phi1*PI/180)^2, phi1 = 0..90):`



Maximalwert der relativen Stahlungsleistungsdichte , auch in dBi

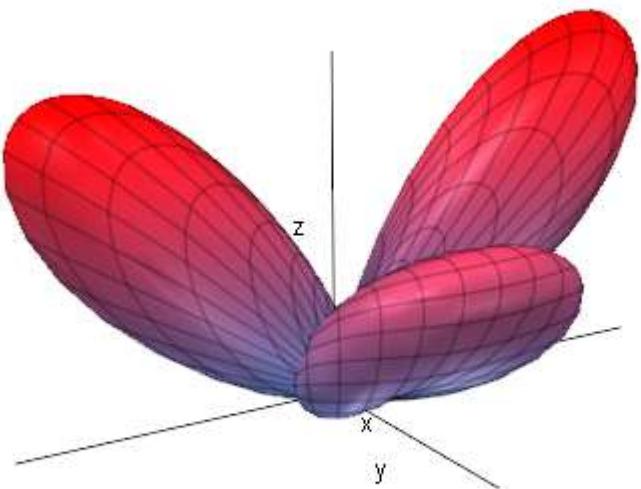
- `gvmax:=0:gvwmax:=0:for m from 0 to 2879 step 1 do
gv:=float(c(wh,m*PI/5760)^2);
if gv>gvmax then
 gvmax:=gv;
 gvwmax:=float(m/32);
end_if;
end_for:gvmax;float(10*log(10,gvmax)+2.15);gvwmax;`

29.09495903

16.7881775

45.09375

- `delete
the,phi1:graph:=plot::Surface([\cos(the)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),sin(the)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),\cos(phi1)*c(the,phi1)],the=0..PI, phi1=-PI/2..0,Axes=Origin, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained,
AdaptiveMesh=4):
• plot(graph);`



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