

Ingenieurbüro Baumann --- www.leobaumann.de --- Markt 6, 46282 Dorsten
manuelle Berechnung eines horizontalen Dipols mit Parallel und Phasenverschiebung
h = Länge, b2 = Höhe über Grund, l = Wellenlänge, bet = Phasenverschiebung

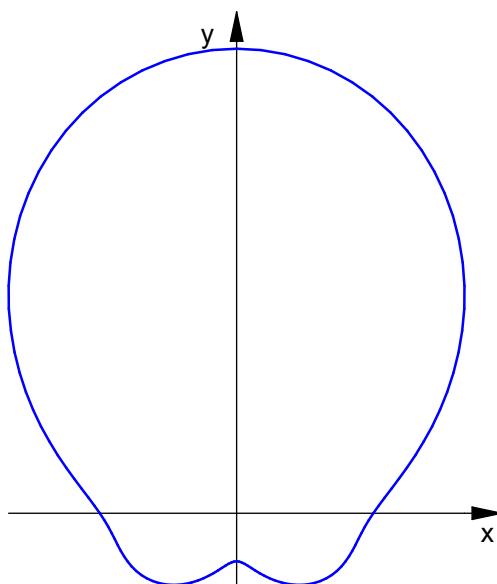
- `reset():digits:=16:wh:=269*PI/180:wv:=60.31*PI/180:h:=1/2:d:=1/4:b2:=1/2:l:=1:bet:=-90*PI/180:`

Richtdiagramm im Kugelraum als Funktion der Winkel

- `c:=(the,phi1) -> abs((cos(PI*h/l*cos(the)*sin(phi1))-cos(PI*h/l))/(sqrt(1-cos(the)^2*sin(phi1)^2)))*2*abs(cos(bet/2+PI*d/l*sin(the)*sin(phi1)))*2*abs(sin(PI*2*b2/l*cos(phi1))):`

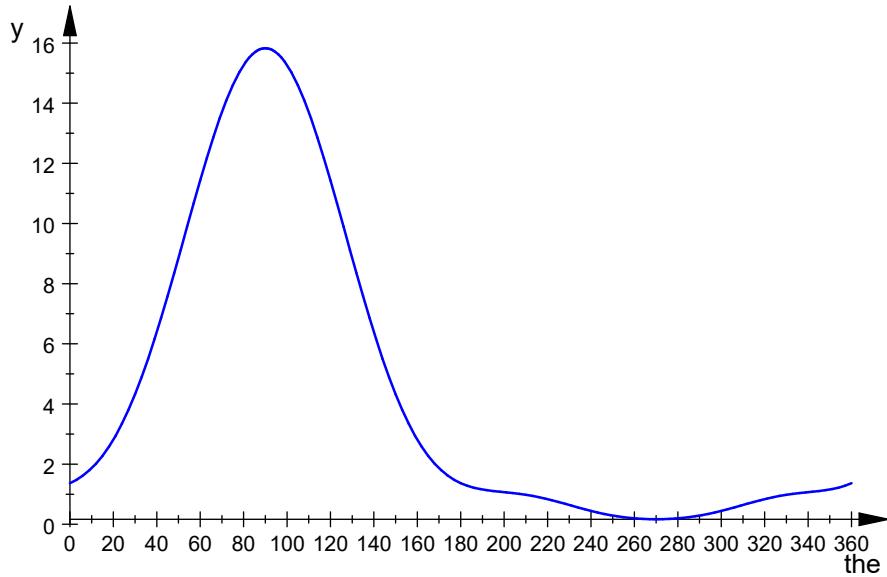
Horizontaldiagramm

- `plot(plot::Polar([c(the,wv),the], the = 0..2*PI, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained));`



horizontale relative Strahlungsleistungsdichte

- `plotfunc2d(c(the*PI/180,wv)^2, the = 0..360):`



Maximalwert der relativen Stahlungsleistungsdichte , auch in dBi

- ```
ghmax:=0:ghwmax:=0:for m from 7680 to 9600 step 1 do
gh:=float(c(m*PI/5760,wv)^2);
if gh>ghmax then
 ghmax:=gh;
 ghwmax:=float(m/32);
end_if;
end_for:ghmax;float(10*log(10,ghmax)+2.15);ghwmax;
```

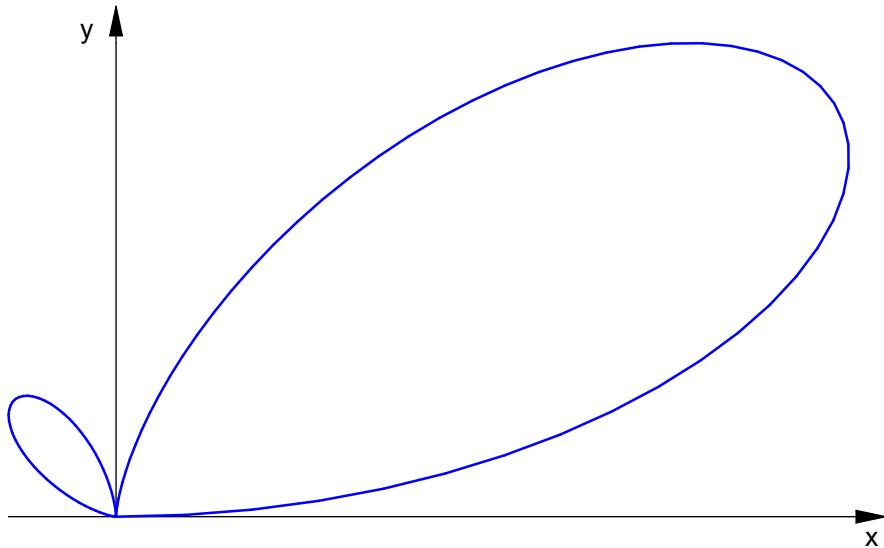
0.4437441648

-1.378673448

240.0

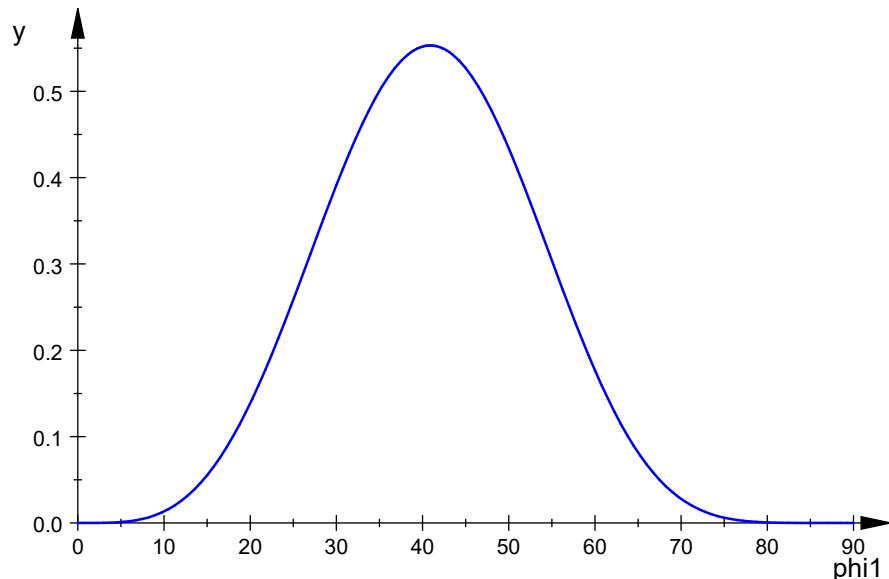
Vertikaldiagramm

- ```
plot(plot::Polar([c(wh,phi1),phi1+PI/2], phi1 = -PI/2..PI/2,
TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained));
```



vertikale relative Strahlungsleistungsdichte

- `plotfunc2d(c(wh,phi1*PI/180)^2, phi1 = 0..90):`



- Maximalwert der relativen Stahlungsleistungsdichte , auch in dBi
- `gvmax:=0:gvwmax:=0:for m from 0 to 2879 step 1 do
 gv:=float(c(wh,m*PI/5760)^2);
 if gv>gvmax then
 gvmax:=gv;
 gvwmax:=float(m/32);
 end_if;`

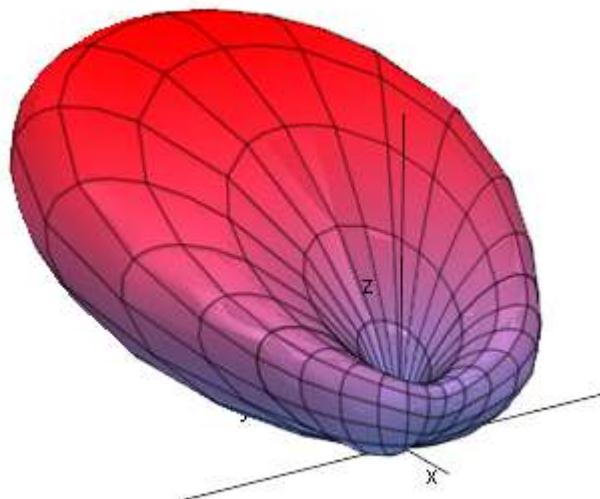
```
end_for:gvmax;float(10*log(10,gvmax)+2.15);gvwmax;
```

0.5530706362

-0.4221939862

40.90625

- `delete
the,phil:graph:=plot::Surface([cos(the)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),sin(the)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),cos(phi1)*c(the,phi1)],the=0..2*PI, phi1=-PI/2..PI/2,Axes=Origin, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained,
AdaptiveMesh=4):
• plot(graph);`



•