

horizontal Dipol über perfektem Grund

Antennencharakteristik im Raum

also: In c[the,phi] und ParametricPlot3D bei phi Trigonometrie wechseln, Winkel ab x,y-Ebene zu z-Achse pos. zählen

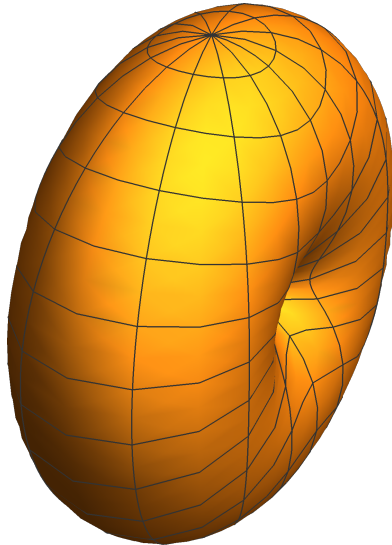
```
In[1]:= time = TimeUsed[]; h = 1 / 2; b2 = 1 / 2; l = 1; wv = 0 * Degree; wh = 90 * Degree;
```

```
In[2]:= c[the_, phi_] := Abs[Cos[Pi * h / l * Cos[the] * Cos[phi]] - Cos[Pi * h / l]] / (Sqrt[1 - Cos[the]^2 * Cos[phi]^2]);
```

```
In[3]:=
```

```
In[4]:= ParametricPlot3D[{Cos[the] * Cos[phi] * c[the, phi], Sin[the] * Cos[phi] * c[the, phi], Sin[phi] * c[the, phi]},  
  parametrische 3D-Dar... [Kosinus] [Kosinus] [Sinus] [Kosinus] [Sinus]  
  {phi, -Pi / 2, Pi / 2}, {the, 0, 2 * Pi}, Axes -> None, Boxed -> False, PlotPoints -> 15, Mesh -> Full, PlotRange -> All]  
  [Kreis... [Kreiszahl pi] [Kre... [Achsen [keine] [einger... [falsch] [Anzahl der Punkte in... [Gitter... [komp... [Koordinatenb... [alle
```

Out[4]=



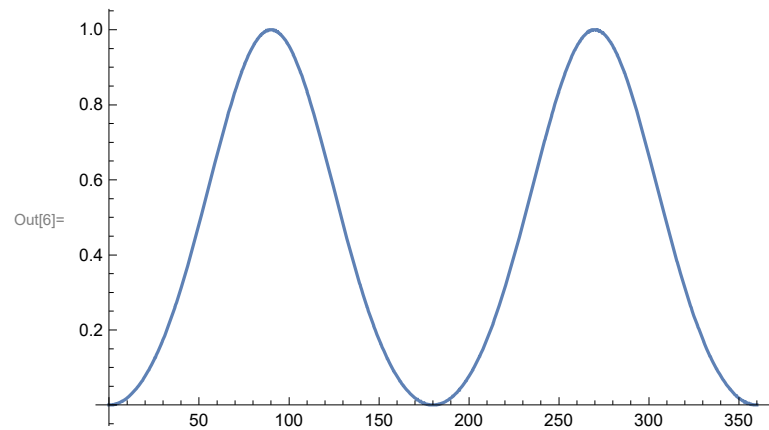
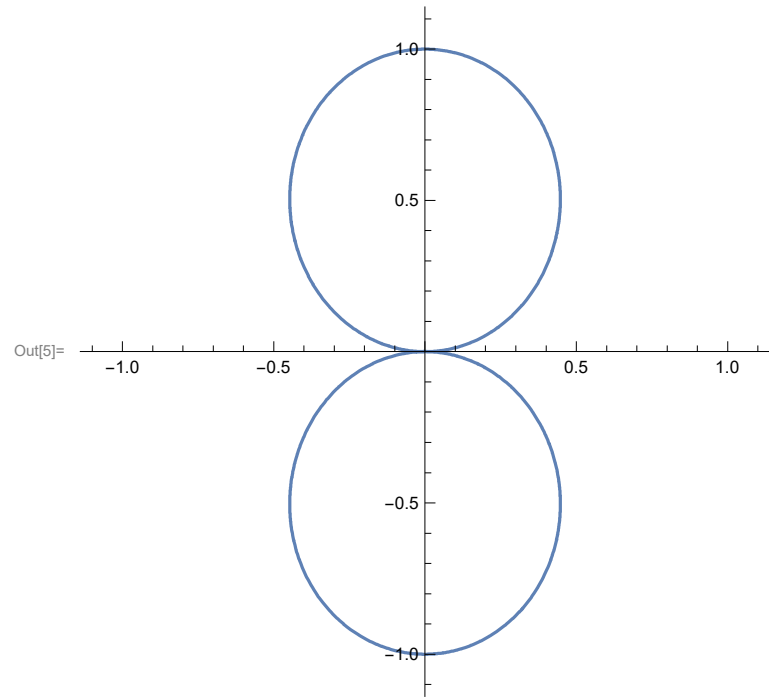
Horizontal-Diagramm, horiz. rel. Strahlungsleistungsdichte u. Maximum bei Winkel auch dBi

```

In[5]:= PolarPlot[c[the, wv], {the, 0, 2 * Pi}, PlotRange -> All]
Plot[c[the * Degree, wv]^2, {the, 0, 360}]
Maximum = N[FindMaximum[c[the, wv]^2, {the, 45 * Degree}]];
N[Maximum[[1]]]
N[10 * Log[10, Maximum[[1]]] + 2.15]
N[Maximum[[2]][[1, 2]] / Degree]

```

Power: Infinite expression $\frac{1}{0}$ encountered.



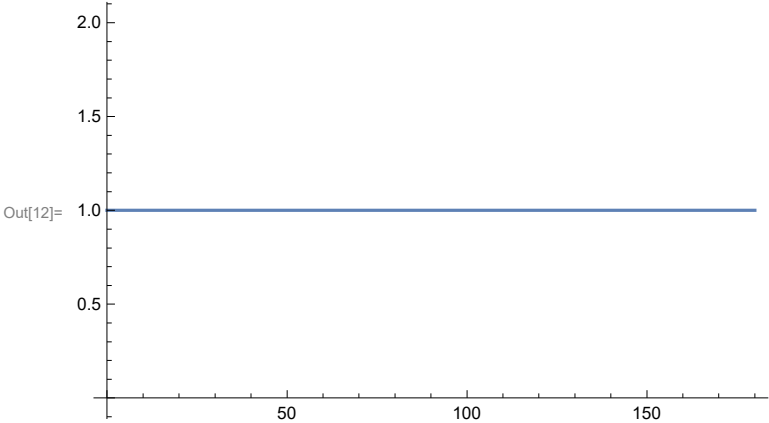
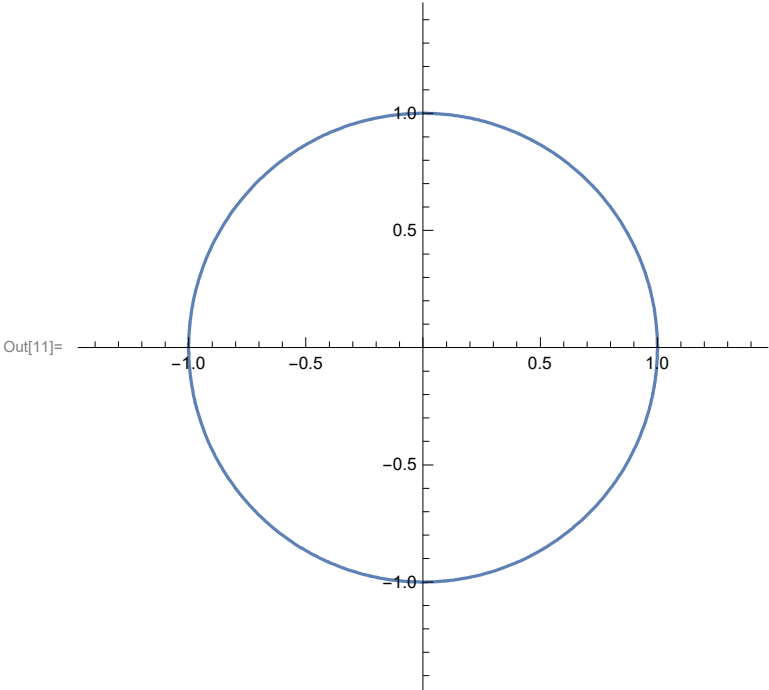
Out[8]= 1.


Out[9]= 2.15

Out[10]= 90.

Vertikal-Diagramm, vertikal. rel. Strahlungsleistungsdichte u. Maximum bei Winkel auch dBi

```
In[11]:= PolarPlot[c[wh, phi], {phi, 0, 2 * Pi}, PlotRange -> All]
|Polardarstellung |Krei...|Koordinatenb...|alle
Plot[c[wh, phi * Degree]^2, {phi, 0, 180}]
|stelle Funktion grap...|Grad
Maximum = N[FindMaximum[c[wh, phi]^2, {phi, Pi / 2}]];
|...|ermittle Maximum |Kreiszahl π
N[Maximum[[1]]]
|numerischer Wert
N[10 * Log[10, Maximum[[1]]] + 2.15]
|Logarithmus
N[Maximum[[2]][[1, 2]] / Degree]
|Grad
Print[TimeUsed[] - time, " CPU-Time in seconds"]
|verbrauchte Zeit
```



 **FindMaximum**: Encountered a gradient that is effectively zero. The result returned may not be a maximum; it may be a minimum or a saddle point.

Out[14]= **1.**

Out[15]= **2.15**

Out[16]= **90.**

0.391 CPU-Time in seconds