

# Kurzschluß-Schaltvorgang der geladenen, realen Koax-Leitung RG213/U nach dem numerischen Talbot-Verfahren

## jeweils der Graph mit den Lösungspunkten und der Graph als kubischer Spline

```

In[ ]:= ta = UnixTime[];
         [Unixzeit]
ClearAll[U, Z0, Z1, Z2, l, Cs, Rs, lap, M, Zeit, Liste, te; td, Gs, Ls];
[lösche alle]
U = 100; Z0 = 50; Z1 = 0.01; Z2 = 1*^12; l = 1*^2; Cs = 101.049872*^-12; Rs = 6.56167979*^-3; x = 0;
Ls = Z0^2 * Cs;
Gs = Rs * Cs / Ls;
td = l * Sqrt[Ls * Cs];
         [Quadratwurzel]
Talbot[Fs_, t_, N1_] := Module[{h, shift, ans, theta, k, z, dz},
         [Modul]
    h = 2 * Pi / N1;
         [Kreiszahl π]
    shift = 0;
    ans = 0;
    For[k = 0, k <= N1, k++,
    [For-Schleife]
        theta = -Pi + (k + 1 / 2) * h;
         [Kreiszahl π]
        z = shift + N1 / t * (0.5017 * theta * Cot[0.6407 * theta] - 0.6122 + 0.2645 * I * theta);
         [Kotangens] [imaginäre Einheit I]
        dz = N1 / t * (-0.5017 * 0.6407 * theta / Sin[0.6407 * theta]^2 + 0.5017 * Cot[0.6407 * theta] + 0.2645 * I);
         [Sinus] [Kotangens] [imaginäre Einheit I]
        ans = ans + Exp[z * t] * Fs[z] * dz;];
         [Exponentialfunktion]
    Re[h / (2 * I * Pi) * ans]
    [Realteil] [···] [Kreiszahl π]

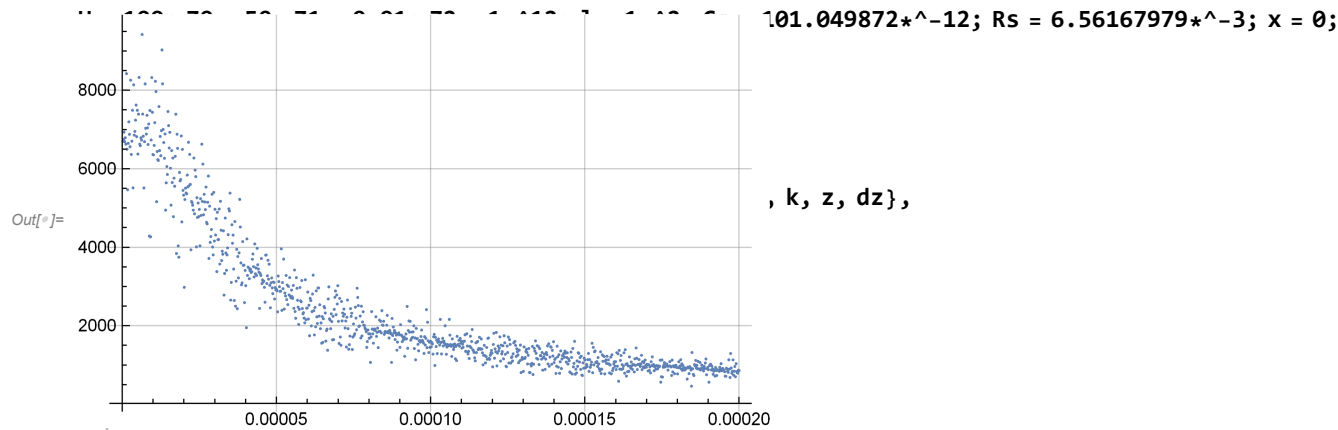
lap[p_] := -U / p * (Cosh[Sqrt[(Rs + p * Ls) * (Gs + p * Cs)] * (1 - x)] + Z2 / Z0 * Sinh[Sqrt[(Rs + p * Ls) * (Gs + p * Cs)] * (1 - x)]) /
         [Kos···] [Quadratwurzel] [Sinu···] [Quadratwurzel]
    ((Z1 + Z2) * Cosh[Sqrt[(Rs + p * Ls) * (Gs + p * Cs)] * 1] + (Z0 + Z1 * Z2 / Z0) * Sinh[Sqrt[(Rs + p * Ls) * (Gs + p * Cs)] * 1]);
         [Kos···] [Quadratwurzel] [Sinu···] [Quadratwurzel]

```

```
In[ ]:= ta = UnixTime[ ];
```

```
ClearAll[U, Z0, Z1, Z2, l, Cs, Rs, lap, M, Zeit, Liste, te; td, Gs, Ls];
```

```
ClearAll: te; td is not a symbol or a string.
```



```
For-Schleife
```

```
theta = -Pi + (k + 1 / 2) * h;
```

```
Kreiszahl π
```

```
z = shift + N1 / t * (0.5017 * theta * Cot[0.6407 * theta] - 0.6122 + 0.2645 * I * theta);
```

```
Kotangens
```

```
imaginäre Einheit I
```

```
dz = N1 / t * (-0.5017 * 0.6407 * theta / Sin[0.6407 * theta]^2 + 0.5017 * Cot[0.6407 * theta] + 0.2645 * I);
```

```
Sinus
```

```
Kotangens
```

```
imaginäre Einheit I
```

```
ans = ans + Exp[z * t] * Fs[z] * dz;];
```

```
Exponentialfunktion
```

```
Re[h / (2 * I * Pi) * ans]
```

```
Realteil
```

```
Kreiszahl π
```

```
lap[p_] := -U / p * (Cosh[Sqrt[(Rs + p * Ls) * (Gs + p * Cs)] * (1 - x)] + Z2 / Z0 * Sinh[Sqrt[(Rs + p * Ls) * (Gs + p * Cs)] * (1 - x)]) /
```

```
Kos... Quadratwurzel
```

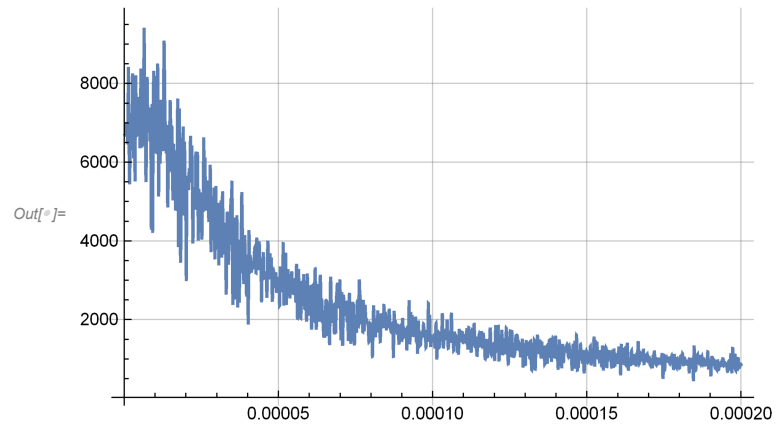
```
Sinu... Quadratwurzel
```

```
((Z1 + Z2) * Cosh[Sqrt[(Rs + p * Ls) * (Gs + p * Cs)] * 1] + (Z0 + Z1 * Z2 / Z0) * Sinh[Sqrt[(Rs + p * Ls) * (Gs + p * Cs)] * 1]);
```

```
Kos... Quadratwurzel
```

```
Sinu... Quadratwurzel
```

```
In[ ]:= ListLinePlot[Liste, InterpolationOrder -> 3, PlotRange -> All, GridLines -> Automatic]
      |listenbezogene Liniengra... |Ordnung der Interpolation |Koordinatenb... |alle |Gitternetzlinien |automatisch
```



```
In[ ]:= te = UnixTime[] - ta
      |Unixzeit
```

```
N[te / 60]
|numerischer Wert
```

```
Max[Liste]
|größtes Element
```

```
td
```

```
Out[ ]:= 12
```

```
Out[ ]:= 0.2
```

```
Out[ ]:= 9419.48
```

```
Out[ ]:= 5.05249 × 10-7
```