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manuelle Berechnung eines Duo-Lazy-H-Dipols über Grund

h = Länge, b2 = Höhe über Grund (Unterkante), d = Dipolabstand, bet = Phasenverschiebung, l = Wellenlänge, Zl = Wellenwiderstand Feederleitung, d1 = Leiterabstand Leitung, d2 = Antennendistanz, dd = Drahtdurchmesser

- `reset():digits:=16:k:=1/1000:wh:=90*PI/180:vw:=73.0625*PI/180:h:=1/2:dd:=2/1000:b2:=1/2:d:=3/8:l:=1:bet:=d*2*PI:Zl:=400:d1:=4/100:d2:=1:`

Richtdiagramm im Kugelraum als Funktion der Winkel

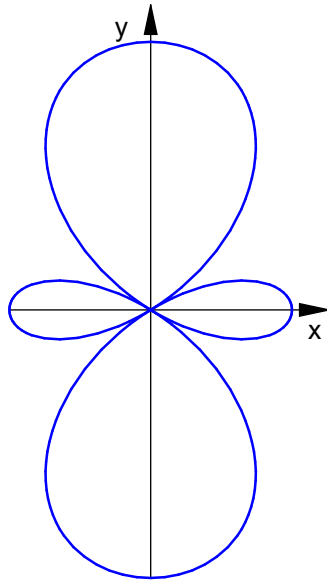
- `c:=(the,phil) -> (abs((cos(PI*h/l*cos(the)*sin(phil))-cos(PI*h/l))/sqrt(1-cos(the)^2*sin(phil-k)^2)))*2*abs(sin(bet/2+PI*2*d/l*cos(phil)))+abs((cos(PI*d/l*cos(phil))-cos(PI*d/l))/sin(phil))*2*abs(cos(PI*d1/l*cos(the)*sin(phil)))*2*abs(cos(PI*d2/l*sin(the)*sin(phil)))*2*abs(sin(PI*2*(b2+d/2)/l*cos(phil))):`

Antennenimpedanzen pro Element nach BALANIS mittengespeist, feedgekoppelt über Zl=400 Ohm

- `Z:=float(60*(EULER+ln(2*PI*h/l)-Ci(2*PI*h/l)+1/2*sin(2*PI*h/l)*(Si(4*PI*h/l)-2*Si(2*PI*h/l))+1/2*cos(2*PI*h/l)*(EULER+ln(PI*h/l)+Ci(4*PI*h/l)-2*Ci(2*PI*h/l)))+I*30*(2*Si(2*PI*h/l)+cos(2*PI*h/l)*(2*Si(2*PI*h/l)-Si(4*PI*h/l))-sin(2*PI*h/l)*(2*Ci(2*PI*h/l)-Ci(4*PI*h/l)-Ci(2*2*PI*dd^2/4/h/l/l^2))))):`
- `Zt:=(Z*cos(2*PI*l*d)+I*Zl*sin(2*PI*l*d))/(I*Z/Zl*sin(2*PI*l*d)+cos(2*PI*l*d)):`
- `Zin:=float(1/2*Z*Zt/(Z+Zt));`
`41.15244204 + 11.177427 * i`

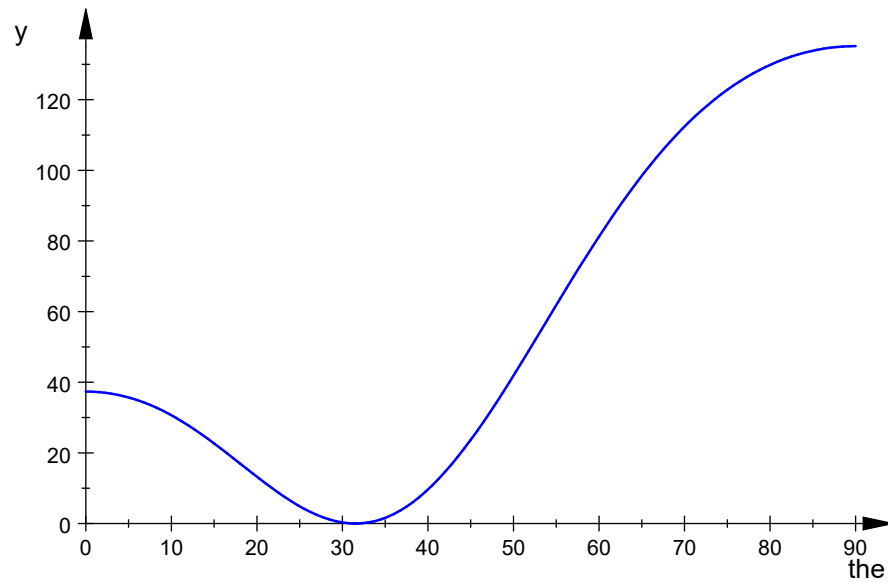
Horizontaldiagramm

- `plot(plot::Polar([c(the,vw),the], the = 0..2*PI, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained, AdaptiveMesh=4));`



horizontale relative Strahlungsleistungsdichte

- `plotfunc2d(c(the*PI/180,wv)^2, the = 0..90, AdaptiveMesh=4):`



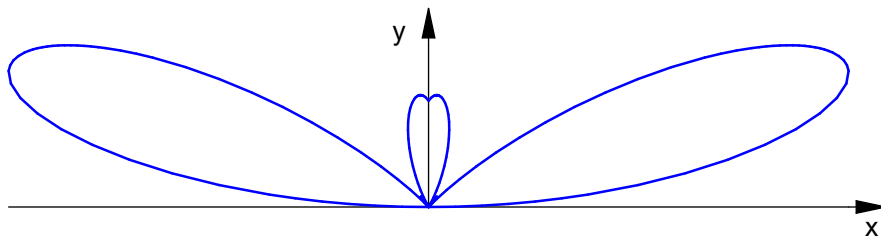
135.1781474

23.4590649

89.96875

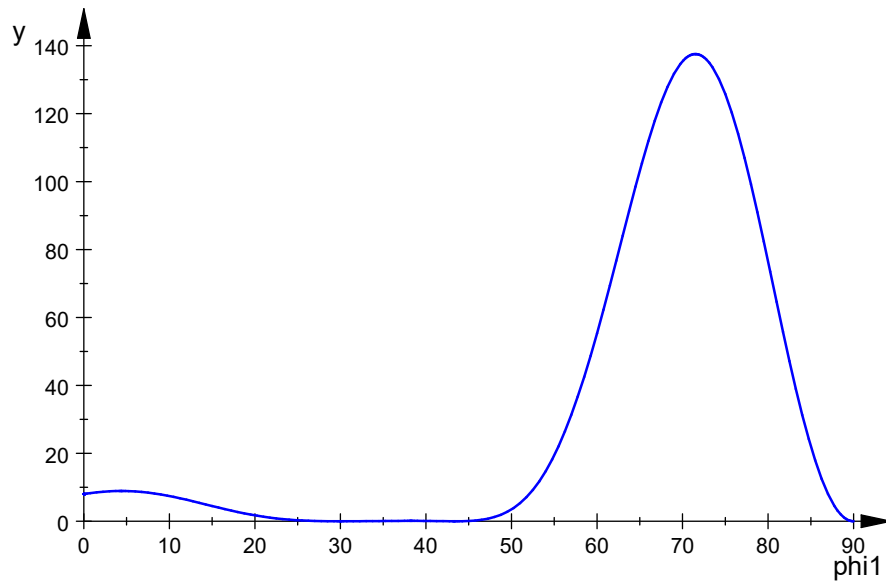
Vertikaldiagramm

- `plot(plot::Polar([c(wh,phil),phil+PI/2], phil = -PI/2..PI/2, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained, AdaptiveMesh=4));`



vertikale relative Strahlungsleistungsdichte

- `plotfunc2d(c(wh,phil*PI/180)^2, phil = 0..90, AdaptiveMesh=4):`



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Maximalwert der relativen Strahlungsleistungsdichte , auch in dBi

- `gvmax:=0:gvwmax:=0:for m from 1920 to 2879 step 1 do`
`gv:=float(c(wh,m*PI/5760)^2);`
`if gv>gvmax then`
`gvmax:=gv;`
`gvwmax:=float(m/32);`
`end_if;`
`end_for:gvmax;float(10*log(10,gvmax)+2.15);gvwmax;`

137.54832

23.5345529

71.5

- `delete`
`the,phi1:graph:=plot::Surface([cos(the)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),sin(th`
`e)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),cos(phi1)*c(the,phi1)],the=0..2*PI, phi1=-`
`PI/2..PI/2,Axes=Origin, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained,`
`AdaptiveMesh=4):`
- `plot(graph);`

